

个人简历

个人概况

姓名：张元春 性别：女
民族：汉族 出生年月：1987 年 1 月
工作单位和职称：中国科学院大气物理研究所 副研究员
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研究方向

- ◆ 中尺度气象学，主要从事中小尺度天气系统及其产生的极端和灾害性天气（包括短时强降水，雷暴大风等）研究。共发表论文 20 余篇。

教育背景

- ◆ 2008 年 9 月 - 2013 年 6 月，中国科学院大气物理研究所，硕博连读研究生
- ◆ 2004 年 9 月 - 2008 年 6 月，南京信息工程大学大气科学系，大气科学专业，本科

工作经历

- ◆ 2019.2 至今 中国科学院大气物理研究所 副研究员
- ◆ 2013.07-2019.01 中国科学院大气物理研究所 助理研究员
- ◆ 2015.08.-2015.11 美国宾夕法尼亚州立大学气象系 访问学者
- ◆ 2012.07-2013.03 美国宾夕法尼亚州立大学气象系 访问学者

学术奖励

- ◆ 2023 年度中国科学院青年创新促进会会员

科研项目

- ◆ 国家自然科学基金，面上项目，暖季长江中游二级地形中尺度对流的初生机制，2020.1-2023.12，63 万，项目负责人
- ◆ 国家重点研发计划，极端与转折性天气下风电/光伏功率爬坡及供电能力不足风险预测技术，2022.11-2025.12，155 万，任务负责人
- ◆ 国家自然科学基金，联合基金项目，长江中游地区复杂下垫面对强风暴触发与演变过

- 程的影响及机理, 2022.1-2025.12, 265 万, 项目骨干
- ◆ 国家重点研发计划, 西南山地突发性暴雨形成机理及预报理论方法研究, 2018.12-2021.12, 82 万元, 课题骨干
 - ◆ 国家自然科学基金, 青年科学基金项目, 夏季我国二级地形触发对流东移影响下游强降水对流系统的机理, 2016.1- 2018.12, 24.5 万元, 项目负责人

论文发表

Zhang, Y. C.*, Lu R., Sun J. H., et al., 2023, Organizational Modes and Environmental Conditions of the Severe Convective Weathers Produced by the Mesoscale Convective Systems in South China [J].

Journal of Tropical Meteorology, 29(1): 26-38.

Zhang, Y. C., Sun J. H., Yang R. Y. and et al., 2022: Initiation and evolution of long-lived eastward propagating mesoscale convective systems over the second-step terrain along Yangtze-Huaihe River Valley. *Adv. Atmos.Sci.*, 39(5), 763–781.

Fu, S.-M., **Zhang, Y.C.** Wang, H.-J., and et al., 2022, On the evolution of a long-lived mesoscale convective vortex that acted as a crucial condition for the extremely strong hourly precipitation in Zhengzhou. *J. Geophys. Res. Atmos.*, 127, e2021JD036233.

Yang R. Y., **Zhang Y. C.***, Sun J. H. and Li J, 2020: The comparison of statistical features and synoptic circulations between the eastward-propagating and quasi-stationary MCSs during the warm season around the second-step terrain along the middle reaches of the Yangtze River, *SCIENCE CHINA Earth Sciences*, 63:1209-1222.

Zhang Y. C., Fu S. M.*, Sun J. H. et al., 2019: A 14-year statistics-based semi-idealized modeling study on the formation of a type of heavy rain-producing southwest vortex, *Atmos. Sci. Lett.*, DOI: 10.1002/asl.894.

Zhang, Y. C. ; Zhang F. Q*; Davis C. A.; Sun J. H., 2018: Diurnal evolution and structure of long-lived mesoscale convective vortices along the Mei-yu front over the East China Plains, *J. Atmos. Sci.*, 75(3): 1005-1025.

Yang R. Y., Zhang Y. C.* , Sun J. H. et al., 2018: The characteristics and classification of eastward-propagating mesoscale convective systems generated over the second-step terrain in the Yangtze River Valley, *Atmos. Sci. Lett.*, DOI: 10.1002/asl.874.

Zhang Y. C., J. H. Sun, 2017: Comparison of the diurnal variations of precipitation east of the Tibetan Plateau among sub-periods of Meiyu season, *Meteorol. Atmos. Phys.*, DOI 10.1007/s00703-016-0484-7.

Zhang Y. C., J. H. Sun and S. M. Fu, 2017: Main Energy Paths and Energy Cascade Processes of the Two Types of Persistent Heavy Rainfall Events over the Yangtze River – Huaihe River Basin, *Adv. Atmos. Sci.*,34(2),DOI: 10.1007/s00376-016-6117-8.

Zhang Y. C. , F. Zhang*, and J. H. Sun, 2014: Comparison of the diurnal variations of warm-season precipitation for East Asia versus North America downstream of the Tibetan Plateau versus the Rocky Mountains. *Atmos. Chem. Phys.*, 14, 10741-10759, doi:10.5194/acp-14-10741-2014.

Zhang Y. C., J. H. Sun *, and S. M. Fu, 2014: Impacts of Diurnal Variation of Mountain-plain Solenoid Circulations on Precipitation and Vortices East of the Tibetan Plateau during the Mei-yu Season. *Adv. Atmos. Sci.*, 31(1), 139-153.

张元春, 孙建华, 傅慎明等, 2023, “21.7”河南特大暴雨的中尺度系统活动特征, *大气科学* doi: 10.3878/j.issn.1006-9895.2302.22135

- 张元春, 孙建华, 傅慎明., 2012: 冬季一次引发华北暴雪的低涡强度分析, *高原气象*, 31 (2), 387-399.
- 张元春, 孙建华, 徐广阔等, 2012: 江淮流域两次中尺度对流涡旋 (MCV) 的结构特征研究, *气候与环境研究*, 18(3): 271-287.
- Sun, J., Fu, S., Wang, H., **Zhang, Y.**, and et al, 2022: Primary characteristics of the extreme heavy rainfall event over Henan in July 2021. *Atmos. Sci. Lett.*, e1131
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- Fu, S.-M., H.-J. Wang, J.-H. Sun, and **Y.-C. Zhang**, 2016: Energy budgets on the interactions between the mean and eddy flows during a persistent heavy rainfall event over the Yangtze River Valley in summer 2010. *J. Meteor. Res.*, doi: 10.1007/s13351-016-5121-3.
- Fu, S.-M., J.-H. Sun, J. Ling, H.-J. Wang, and **Y.-C. Zhang**, 2016: Scale interactions in sustaining persistent torrential rainfall events during the Mei-yu season, *J. Geophys. Res. Atmos.*, 121, doi: 10.1002/2016JD025446.
- Fu, S.-M., W.-L. Li, J.-H. Sun, J.-P., Zhang, and **Y.-C. Zhang**, 2014: Universal evolution mechanisms and energy conversion characteristics of long-lived mesoscale vortices over the Sichuan Basin. *Atmos. Sci. Lett.* DOI: 10.1002/asl2.533.
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- 李娟, 孙建华, 张元春, 沈新勇, 2016: 四川盆地西部与东部持续性暴雨过程的对比分析. *高原气象*, 35(1): 64-76